



### **Theory test questions**

1. You are driving at night and the headlights of a car coming in the opposite direction dazzle you. What should you do?
  - a) Briefly close your eyes
  - b) Slow down or if necessary actually stop
  - c) Flash your headlights
  - d) Perform an emergency stop
  
2. At a party your friend has been drinking alcohol and is intending to drive home. What should you suggest?
  - a) Drink a strong cup of coffee first
  - b) Drive as slowly as possible
  - c) Wait for an hour or so before leaving
  - d) Use public transport
  
3. On approach to Zebra Crossings the road is marked with zigzag lines. What must you NOT do in this area?
  - a) Park
  - b) Drive faster than 15 mph
  - c) Apply the handbrake
  - d) Cross the lines
  
4. You are approaching a bus stop where the bus is signalling to pull out. What should you do?
  - a) Speed up to pass it before it pulls out
  - b) Flash your headlights
  - c) Allow the bus to pull out if it is safe for you to do so
  - d) Signal left and wave at the bus driver
  
5. On an icy road, what is the safest way to drive round a bend?
  - a) Use your handbrake to keep the speed slow
  - b) Brake gently as you are turning the steering wheel

- c) Keep a steady speed using as high a gear as possible  
d) Depress the clutch and let the car coast round
6. What is the left hand lane of a motorway for?  
a) Slow moving vehicles  
b) Normal driving  
c) Overtaking  
d) Vehicle repairs
7. Driving along a one-way street on which side may you pass another moving vehicle ?  
a) on either side  
b) on the left only  
c) on the right only  
d) that is stationary
8. A Pelican Crossing will show a flashing green man signal to the pedestrians. When this is showing what signal will a driver see?  
a) A flashing red light  
b) A flashing amber light  
c) A flashing green light  
d) Flashing red and amber lights together
9. Legally, what is the minimum insurance cover you must have to keep a vehicle on the public roads?  
a) Third party and theft  
b) Third party, fire and theft  
c) Fully Comprehensive  
d) Third party insurance
10. You arrive at the scene of a collision where a motorcyclist has been injured but is conscious. It is vital that  
a) the rider is moved out of the way of any traffic  
b) the rider's helmet is gently removed  
c) the rider's helmet is not removed  
d) the rider must remove their own helmet
11. You are at the scene of a collision and someone is suffering from Shock. What should you do? (Tick four boxes)  
a) Reassure them constantly  
b) Offer them a cigarette  
c) Keep them warm  
d) Avoid moving them if possible  
e) Avoid leaving them alone  
f) Give them a warm drink
12. You have stopped for pedestrians to cross at a Zebra crossing but they do not start to cross immediately. What should you do?  
a) Give a quick tap on your horn  
b) Wave them across  
c) Begin to drive on  
d) Be patient and wait
13. Which of the following two things would be seriously affected if your tyres are under inflated?  
a) Braking  
b) Signalling

- c) Accelerating
- d) Steering

14. 14. It is important to remember that your overall stopping distance will be significantly further when driving

- a) when its very windy
- b) in bright sunlight
- c) in thick fog
- d) in heavy rain

15. At a Puffin crossing, which light will NOT show to a driver?

- a) Flashing amber
- b) Red
- c) Steady amber
- d) Green

16. When you intend to park in a parking space for a long time, why should you reverse into the space?

- a) It makes loading the car with shopping easier
- b) Reversing whilst the engine is cold uses more fuel
- c) It is illegal to reverse out of a parking space
- d) It gets the difficult part of the manoeuvre out of the way

17. At a School Crossing Patrol, when the sign is shown it means you

- a) Must stop a safe distance from the patrol person
- b) Must only stop if there are children who are crossing
- c) Must slow down and be ready to stop if a child steps out
- d) Can only continue if it is safe to do so

18. When driving, why is coasting unsafe?

- a) You may stall the engine
- b) It reduces your control of the vehicle
- c) It will cause the vehicle to over-run
- d) It damages the engine

19. If something should fall from your vehicle whilst you are driving on a motorway what MUST you do?

- a) Stop on the hard shoulder and retrieve it
- b) Ignore it and continue on your journey
- c) Stop on the hard shoulder and call the Police
- d) Switch on your hazard lights and wait for the Police

20. If you are towing a trailer on a motorway, what is the maximum speed limit you may drive?

- a) 40 mph
- b) 50 mph
- c) 60 mph
- d) 70 mph

21. When you are giving mouth to mouth you should only stop when

- a) you think your casualty is dead
- b) the casualty can breathe without help
- c) the casualty has turned blue
- d) you think the ambulance is coming

22. You arrive at a collision, and a motorcyclist is unconscious. Your FIRST priority is the casualty's what?

- a) Breathing
  - b) Bleeding
  - c) Broken bones
  - d) Bruising
23. Your mobile phone rings whilst you are driving. What should you do?
- a) Stop immediately
  - b) Answer it immediately
  - c) Pull up in a suitable place
  - d) Pull up at the nearest kerb
24. What does 'Tailgating' mean?
- a) Using the rear door of a hatchback car
  - b) Reversing into a parking space
  - c) Following another vehicle too closely
  - d) Driving with the rear fog lights on
25. When you see a hazard ahead you should use the mirrors. Why is this?
- a) Because you will need to accelerate out of danger
  - b) To assess how your actions will affect the following traffic
  - c) Because you will need to brake sharply to a stop
  - d) To see what is happening on the road ahead
26. When are you allowed to sit people behind the rear seats of a hatchback car?
- a) For short journeys less than 5 minutes
  - b) As long as it does not interfere with your view
  - c) Never as it is unsafe and illegal
  - d) When all the other seats are full
27. If you get a puncture on the motorway what should you do?
- a) Stop on the hard shoulder and use an emergency telephone
  - b) Stop on the hard shoulder and change the wheel
  - c) Pull on to the hard shoulder and continue to the next exit
  - d) Drive along in the left hand lane until the next exit
28. At a set of traffic lights the signal shows amber only. What would you take this to mean?
- a) Go
  - b) Stop
  - c) Proceed if it is safe to do so
  - d) Get ready to stop
29. On a wet road, what should be the time gap between you and the vehicle in front?
- a) 2 seconds
  - b) 4 seconds
  - c) 6 seconds
  - d) 8 seconds
30. A vehicle displaying a flashing amber light means that it is
- a) slow moving
  - b) an Ambulance travelling very fast
  - c) a Fire Engine on an emergency call
  - d) a Doctors vehicle waiting

31. If you are driving down a road with street lights and no signs indicating the speed limit, what will the speed limit usually be?
- a) 20 mph
  - b) 30 mph
  - c) 40 mph
  - d) 70 mph
32. When may you stop on a motorway? (Tick two boxes)
- a) When you are tired and need a rest
  - b) If your child is unwell
  - c) If you have a puncture
  - d) If red lights are showing above all the lanes
33. You should not switch on your rear fog lights unless visibility is reduced to less than
- a) 50 metres (165 feet)
  - b) 75 metres (245 feet)
  - c) 100 metres (328 feet)
  - d) 200 metres (656 feet)
34. If you see a horse and rider ahead of you on the road, you should
- a) approach and pass wide and slowly
  - b) use the horn to warn of your approach
  - c) keep just behind the horse before overtaking
  - d) approach and overtake as quickly as possible
35. Where should you be especially careful to look out for motorcyclists and cyclists?
- a) On motorways
  - b) One-way streets
  - c) At junctions
  - d) Pelican crossings
36. You want to turn left into a side road but there is a pedestrian crossing the road at the side road near the junction. What **MUST** you do?
- a) Sound your horn to warn them of your presence
  - b) Wait for them to cross before you turn
  - c) Flash your headlights and beckon them across
  - d) Drive on and not turn into the side road at all
37. What is the maximum legal limit of alcohol in the blood for you to be allowed to drive?
- a) 25mg per 80 ml
  - b) 50mg per 80 ml
  - c) 80mg per 100 ml
  - d) 80ml per 100 mg
38. On an icy road you should expect that the conditions will increase the distance it takes you to come to a stop by
- a) five times
  - b) ten times
  - c) fifteen times
  - d) twenty times
39. When may you use the right hand lane of a motorway?
- a) If you breakdown
  - b) For normal driving

- c) For driving at 70mph
- d) For overtaking only

40. What do you need to take with you when attending for your driving test?

- a) An insurance certificate
- b) Both sections of your driving licence
- c) Both insurance and a MOT certificate
- d) Your birth certificate

41. If you breakdown on a motorway with passengers in the car and have to go to an emergency telephone, your passengers must wait

- a) inside the vehicle with the doors locked
- b) on the hard shoulder next to the vehicle
- c) inside the vehicle with the doors unlocked
- d) on the embankment away from the hard shoulder

42. When loading a trailer you must ensure that

- a) the weight is mainly at the front
- b) the weight is mainly at the rear
- c) the weight is evenly distributed
- d) the weight is all to one side

43. The driver behind you appears to be in a great hurry and is very close. What should you do?

- a) Ease off the gas and let the driver overtake
- b) Signal left and switch on your hazard lights
- c) Carry on as you are, keeping to the speed limit
- d) Speed up to increase the gap from the driver

44. You want to move off from a parked position at the side of a busy road. What should you do?

- a) Not signal until there is a safe gap in the flow of traffic
- b) Signal while you are waiting
- c) Start to edge out whilst signalling
- d) Use an arm signal as you move away

45. When approaching a right hand bend where should your vehicle be positioned on the road?

- a) In the middle of your lane
- b) Over to the left
- c) Over to the right
- d) On the opposite side of the road

46. You want to emerge from a side road but your view is restricted by parked cars. What would you do?

- a) Sound your horn and pull away quickly
- b) Pull away as normal but be prepared to stop
- c) Get out of the car to check if it is safe to move off
- d) Edge forward slowly until you have an unrestricted view

47. At a collision a casualty is unconscious. Which three of the following would you check?

- a) Circulation
- b) Airway

- c) Shock
- d) Breathing
- e) Broken bones

48. There has been a collision. The driver is suffering from shock. You should (Tick two boxes)

- a) Give them a drink
- b) Reassure them
- c) Not leave them alone
- d) Offer them a cigarette
- e) Ask who caused the collision

49. You arrive at the scene of a motorcycle collision. No other vehicle is involved. The rider is unconscious lying in the middle of the road.

The first thing you should do is?

- a) Move the rider out of the road
- b) Warn other traffic
- c) Clear the road of debris
- d) Give the rider reassurance

50. Super Trams or Light Rapid Transit (LRT) systems are environmentally friendly because

- a) they use diesel power
- b) they use quieter roads
- c) they use electric power
- d) they do not operate during rush hour